## 6.851: Advanced Data Structures, Spring 2021

Prof. Erik Demaine, Josh Brunner, Dylan Hendrickson, Yevhenii Diomidov

## Problem Set 8

Due: Thursday, April 15, 2021

**Problem 8.1** [Signature Compression]. Recall that the first step in Signature Sort, as described in Lecture 14, was to reduce each  $w = \lg^{2+\varepsilon} n$  bit input word to an  $O(\lg^{1+\varepsilon} n)$ -bit signature. We achieved this reduction by dividing each word into  $k = \lg^{\varepsilon} n$  chunks of  $w/k = \lg^{\varepsilon} n$  bits each and applying a hash function to each chunk, reducing each chunk to  $\lg n$  bits. After hashing, our word was of the form

$$0^{w/k-\lg n} h_1 0^{w/k-\lg n} h_2 \cdots 0^{w/k-\lg n} h_k$$

where each chunk hash  $h_i$  is  $\lg n$  bits long.

Describe an algorithm to **compress** this word so that all of the hashed chunks are shifted maximally to the right and in the same order, so that it has the form needed by the algorithm:

$$0^{w-k\lg n}\ h_1\ h_2\ \cdots\ h_k.$$

Your algorithm should take O(1) time using the word RAM operations +, -, \*, /, %, &, |, ~, ^, <<, and >>. You may assume that  $\varepsilon < 1$ .