

Ruby - Bug #20520

FORTIFY_SOURCE=3 is not correctly respected

06/03/2024 10:33 AM - vo.x (Vit Ondruch)

Status:	Closed	
Priority:	Normal	
Assignee:	kjtsanaktsidis (KJ Tsanaktsidis)	
Target version:		
ruby -v:	ruby 3.3.1 (2024-04-23 revision c56cd86388) [aarch64-linux]	Backport: 3.1: UNKNOWN, 3.2: UNKNOWN, 3.3: UNKNOWN

Description

In Fedora, we are using following compilation options:

```
+ CFLAGS='-O2 -flto=auto -ffat-lto-objects -fexceptions -g -grecord-gcc-switches -pipe -Wall -Werror=format-security -Wp,-U_FORTIFY_SOURCE,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=3 -Wp,-D_GLIBCXX_ASSERTIONS -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-hardened-cc1 -fstack-protector-strong -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-annobin-cc1 -mbranch-protection=standard -fasynchronous-unwind-tables -fstack-clash-protection -fno-omit-frame-pointer -mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer '
```

Please note that as of recently, there is included FORTIFY_SOURCE=3. The problem is, that Ruby doing its configuration check:

```
checking whether -O3 -D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 is accepted as CFLAGS... yes
```

Includes another variant of FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 into XFLAGS:

```
$ /usr/bin/make -O -j12 V=1 VERBOSE=1 'COPY=cp -p' -C redhat-linux-build
make: Entering directory '/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/redhat-linux-build'
BASERUBY = /builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/tool/missing-baseruby.bat
CC = gcc
LD = ld
LD_SHARED = gcc -shared
CFLAGS = -O2 -flto=auto -ffat-lto-objects -fexceptions -g -grecord-gcc-switches -pipe -Wall -Werror=format-security -Wp,-U_FORTIFY_SOURCE,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=3 -Wp,-D_GLIBCXX_ASSERTIONS -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-hardened-cc1 -fstack-protector-strong -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-annobin-cc1 -mbranch-protection=standard -fasynchronous-unwind-tables -fstack-clash-protection -fno-omit-frame-pointer -mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer -fPIC
XCFLAGS = -U_FORTIFY_SOURCE -D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -fstack-protector-strong -mbranch-protection=standard -fno-strict-overflow -fvisibility=hidden -fexcess-precision=standard -DRUBY_EXPORT -I. -I.ext/include/aarch64-linux -I/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/include -I/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1 -I/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/prism -I/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/enc/unicode/15.0.0
CPPFLAGS =
DLDFLAGS = -Wl,-z,relro -Wl,--as-needed -Wl,-z,now -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-hardened-ld -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-annobin-cc1 -Wl,--build-id=sha1 -Wl,-soname,libruby.so.3.3 -fstack-protector-strong
SOLIBS = -lz -lrt -lrt -lgmp -ldl -lcrypt -lm -lpthread
LANG = C.UTF-8
LC_ALL =
LC_CTYPE =
MFLAGS = -j12 -Otarget --jobserver-auth=fifo:/tmp/GMfifo10279 --sync-mutex=fnm:/tmp/GmbGoenG
RUSTC = rustc
YJIT_RUSTC_ARGS = --crate-name=yjit --crate-type=staticlib --edition=2021 -g -C lto=thin -C opt-level=3 -C overflow-checks=on '--out-dir=/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/redhat-linux-build/yjit/target/release/' /builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/yjit/src/lib.rs gcc (GCC) 14.1.1 20240522 (Red Hat 14.1.1-4)
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This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
make: Leaving directory '/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/redhat-linux-build'
make: Entering directory '/builddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/redhat-linux-build'
gcc -O2 -flto=auto -ffat-lto-objects -fexceptions -g -grecord-gcc-switches -pipe -Wall -Werror=format-security -Wp,-U_FORTIFY_SOURCE,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=3 -Wp,-D_GLIBCXX_ASSERTIONS -specs=/usr/lib/r
```

```
pm/redhat/redhat-hardened-ccl -fstack-protector-strong -specs=/usr/lib/rpm/redhat/redhat-annobin-ccl -mbranch-protection=standard -fasynchronous-unwind-tables -fstack-clash-protection -fno-omit-frame-pointer -mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer -fPIC -U_FORTIFY_SOURCE -D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -fstack-protector-strong -mbranch-protection=standard -fno-strict-overflow -fvisibility=hidden -fexcess-precision=standard -DRUBY_EXPORT -I. -I.ext/include/aarch64-linux -I/buildddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/include -I/buildddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1 -I/buildddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/prism -I/buildddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/enc/unicode/15.0.0 -o dmyext.o -c /buildddir/build/BUILD/ruby-3.3.1-build/ruby-3.3.1/dmyext.c

... snip ...
```

Associated revisions

Revision 0ccb80d6bf57cd6e79ad622c024d3d0940ec6f3b - 06/11/2024 10:48 AM - KJ Tsanaktisidis

Extract hardening CFLAGS to a special \$hardenflags variable

This changes the automatic detection of `-fstack-protector`, `-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE`, and `-mbranch-protection` to write to `$hardenflags` instead of `$XCFLAGS`. The definition of `$cflags` is changed to `"$hardenflags $orig_cflags $optflags $debugflags $warnflags"` to match.

Furthermore, these flags are *prepended* to `$hardenflags`, rather than appended.

The implications of doing this are as follows:

- If a CRuby builder specifies `cflags="-mbranch-protection=foobar"` at the `.configure` script, and the configure script detects that `-mbranch-protection=pac-ret` is accepted, then GCC will be invoked as `"gcc -mbranch-protection=pac-ret -mbranch-protection=foobar"`. Since the last flags take precedence, that means that user-supplied values of these flags in `$cflags` will take priority.
- Likewise, if a CRuby builder explicitly specifies `"hardenflags=-mbranch-protection=foobar"`, because we *prepend* to `$hardenflags` in our `autoconf` script, we will still invoke GCC as `"gcc -mbranch-protection=pac-ret -mbranch-protection=foobar"`.
- If a CRuby builder specifies `CFLAGS="..."` at the configure line, automatic detection of hardening flags is ignored as before.
- C extensions will *also* be built with hardening flags now as well (this was not the case by default before because the detected flags went into `$XCFLAGS`).

Additionally, as part of this work, I changed how the detection of PAC/BTI in `Context.S` works. Rather than appending the autodetected option to `ASFLAGS`, we simply compile a set of test programs with the actual CFLAGS in use to determine what PAC/BTI settings were actually chosen by the builder. `Context.S` is made aware of these choices through some custom macros.

The result of this work is that:

- Ruby will continue to choose some sensible defaults for hardening options for the C compiler
- Distributors are able to specify CFLAGS that are consistent with their distribution and override these defaults
- `Context.S` will react to whatever `-mbranch-protection` is actually in use, not what was autodetected
- Extensions get built with hardening flags too.

[Bug #20154]

[Bug #20520]

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Revision 0ccb80d6 - 06/11/2024 10:48 AM - KJ Tsanaktisidis

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History

#1 - 06/03/2024 10:34 AM - vo.x (Vit Ondruch)

I'll try to workaround this by --disable-fortify-source, I hope it won't have another side effects.

#2 - 06/07/2024 03:30 AM - kjtsanaktsidis (KJ Tsanaktsidis)

- Assignee set to kjtsanaktsidis (KJ Tsanaktsidis)

#3 - 06/11/2024 11:05 AM - Anonymous

- Status changed from Open to Closed

Applied in changeset [git|0ccb80d6bf57cd6e79ad622c024d3d0940ec6f3b](https://gitlab.com/ruby/ruby/-/commit/0ccb80d6bf57cd6e79ad622c024d3d0940ec6f3b).

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