

Ruby - Feature #20768

Add Hash#delete_at

09/28/2024 09:08 PM - seanpdoyle (Sean Doyle)

<div>Status:Open</div> <div>Priority:Normal</div> <div>Assignee:</div> <div>Target version:</div>	
<div>Description</div> <div>Add Hash#delete_at to delete values from a list keyed by its arguments.</div> <div>The interface and return values draw inspiration from Hash#values_at and Array#delete_at. It can pair nicely with multiple assignment to deconstruct a Hash instance:</div> <div>hash = { a: true, b: false } a, c = hash.delete_at(:a, :c) # => [true, nil] hash # => { b: false }</div> <div>Similar outcomes can be achieved with rightward assignment:</div> <div>hash = { a: true, b: false } hash => { a:, **rest } a # => true rest # => { b: false }</div> <div>However, rightward assignment will raise an error when a key is missing, whereas Hash#delete_at could return nil or the Hash#default_value:</div> <div>hash => { c: } # => raises NoMatchingPatternKeyError</div> <div>Similarly, rightward assignment does not mutate the original Hash instance. In some circumstances, this is beneficial. However, others that require mutation would involve re-assigning the variable:</div> <div>hash => { a:, **hash } a # => true hash # => { b:false }</div> <div>Finally, a block can be passed in the same style as Hash#delete to provide a default value:</div> <div>attributes = { disabled: true, aria: { label: "label text" } } aria, data = attributes.delete_at(:aria, :data) { Hash.new } attributes # => { disabled: true } aria # => { label: "label text" } data # => {}</div>	

History

#1 - 10/01/2024 06:27 PM - Eregon (Benoit Daloze)

a, c = [:a, :c].map { hash.delete(it) }

seems enough and does not require adding a new method for what looks like (to me) a narrow use case.